

Chlorhexidine Formulation

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 04.04.2023
6.1	30.09.2023	5322114-00011	Date of first issue: 25.11.2019

Section 1: Identification

Product name : Chlorhexidine Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : MSD

Address : 33 Whakatiki Street - Private Bag 908
Upper Hutt - New Zealand

Telephone : 0800 800 543

Emergency telephone number : 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) 0800 243 622 (0800
CHEMCALL)

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Veterinary product

Restrictions on use : Not applicable

Section 2: Hazard identification

GHS Classification

Specific target organ toxicity - : Category 2 (Liver)
repeated exposure

Hazardous to the aquatic : Category 2
environment - chronic hazard

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H373 May cause damage to organs (Liver) through prolonged
or repeated exposure.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements : **Prevention:**
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapours.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.

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Response:

P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.

P391 Collect spillage.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.

May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Ethanol#	64-17-5	>= 1 -< 10
Chlorhexidine	55-56-1	>= 2.5 -< 10
Linalyl acetate	115-95-7	>= 0.1 -< 1

Voluntarily-disclosed substance

Section 4: First-aid measures

General advice	: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.
If inhaled	: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
In case of skin contact	: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
In case of eye contact	: If in eyes, rinse well with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
If swallowed	: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin. Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.
Protection of first-aiders	: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

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Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

- Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO₂)
Dry chemical
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.
- Specific hazards during fire-fighting : Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.
- Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides
- Specific extinguishing methods : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
Evacuate area.
- Special protective equipment for firefighters : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Use personal protective equipment.
- Hazchem Code : 3Z

Section 6: Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Use personal protective equipment.
Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).
- Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
- Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Soak up with inert absorbent material.
Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air).
Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration.
For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.

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Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

Section 7: Handling and storage

- | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|---|
| Technical measures | : | Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion.
Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres. |
| Local/Total ventilation | : | Use only with adequate ventilation. |
| Advice on safe handling | : | Do not breathe mist or vapours.
Do not swallow.
Avoid contact with eyes.
Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment
Minimize dust generation and accumulation.
Keep container closed when not in use.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment. |
| Hygiene measures | : | If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls. |
| Conditions for safe storage | : | Keep in properly labelled containers.
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. |
| Materials to avoid | : | Do not store with the following product types:
Strong oxidizing agents |

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection
Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Ethanol	64-17-5	WES-TWA	1,000 ppm 1,880 mg/m ³	NZ OEL
Further information: Ototoxin				
		STEL	1,000 ppm	ACGIH
Chlorhexidine	55-56-1	TWA	40 µg/m ³ (OEB 3)	Internal
Further information: RSEN				

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		Wipe limit	400 µg/100 cm ²	Internal
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Engineering measures : Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-less quick connections).
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.
Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices).
Minimize open handling.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type : Combined particulates and organic vapour type

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Consider double gloving.

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat.
Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.
Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance : liquid

Colour : light pink

Odour : No data available

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : 5.0 - 6.5

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling : No data available

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range

Flash point	:	No data available
Evaporation rate	:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.
Flammability (liquids)	:	No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available
Vapour pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapour density	:	No data available
Relative density	:	No data available
Density	:	No data available
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity		
Viscosity, kinematic	:	No data available
Explosive properties	:	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight	:	No data available
Particle size	:	Not applicable

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reac-	:	May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, han-

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tions		dling or other means. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid	:	Heat, flames and sparks. Avoid dust formation.
Incompatible materials	:	Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products	:	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

Section 11: Toxicological information

Exposure routes	:	Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact
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Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	:	Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg Method: Calculation method
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Components:**Ethanol:**

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
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Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): 124.7 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapour
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Chlorhexidine:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 Oral (Mouse): 1,260 mg/kg LD50 Oral (Rabbit): 1,100 mg/kg LD50 Oral (Rat): 2,000 mg/kg
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Acute toxicity (other routes of administration)	:	LD50 (Rat): 21 mg/kg Application Route: Intravenous
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Linalyl acetate:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 9,000 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

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Components:**Ethanol:**

Species	:	Rabbit
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 404
Result	:	No skin irritation

Linalyl acetate:

Species	:	Rabbit
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 404
Result	:	Skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:**Ethanol:**

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 405

Chlorhexidine:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	Mild eye irritation

Linalyl acetate:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 405
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

Respiratory or skin sensitisation**Skin sensitisation**

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:**Ethanol:**

Test Type	:	Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Exposure routes	:	Skin contact
Species	:	Mouse
Result	:	negative

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Linalyl acetate:

Test Type	: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Exposure routes	: Skin contact
Species	: Mouse
Method	: OECD Test Guideline 429
Result	: positive
Assessment	: Probability or evidence of low to moderate skin sensitisation rate in humans

Chronic toxicity**Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

Components:**Ethanol:**

Genotoxicity in vitro	: Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test Result: negative Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo	: Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo) Species: Mouse Application Route: Ingestion Result: equivocal

Chlorhexidine:

Genotoxicity in vitro	: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Result: negative Test Type: Chromosomal aberration Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo	: Test Type: dominant lethal test Species: Mouse Result: negative Test Type: Cytogenetic assay Species: Hamster Result: negative

Linalyl acetate:

Genotoxicity in vitro	: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Method: OECD Test Guideline 471 Result: negative Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
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Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:**Chlorhexidine:**

Species : Rat
Application Route : oral (drinking water)
Exposure time : 2 Years
Frequency of Treatment : daily
NOAEL : 38 mg/kg body weight
Result : negative

Species : Rat
Application Route : oral (drinking water)
Exposure time : 2 Years
Frequency of Treatment : daily
NOAEL : 158 mg/kg body weight
Result : negative

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:**Ethanol:**

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Chlorhexidine:

Effects on fertility : Species: Rat
Fertility: NOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight

Effects on foetal develop- : Species: Rat

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ment Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 300 mg/kg body weight

Species: Rabbit
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 40 mg/kg body weight

Linalyl acetate:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: negative

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

STOT - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:**Chlorhexidine:**

Target Organs : Liver
Assessment : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Linalyl acetate:

Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 100 mg/kg bw or less.
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Repeated dose toxicity**Components:****Ethanol:**

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 1,280 mg/kg
LOAEL : 3,156 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 90 Days

Chlorhexidine:

Species : Rat

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NOAEL : 158 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 yr

Species : Rabbit
LOAEL : 250 mg/kg
Application Route : Dermal
Exposure time : 13 Weeks
Target Organs : Skin, Liver

Linalyl acetate:

Species : Rat
NOAEL : > 30 - 300 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 28 Days
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Species : Rat
NOAEL : > 100 mg/kg
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 91 Days
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure**Components:****Chlorhexidine:**

General Information : Symptoms: Headache
Inhalation : Target Organs: Lungs
Symptoms: Asthmatic appearance, bronchospasm, discomfort in the chest, upper respiratory tract infection
Ingestion : Target Organs: Gastrointestinal tract
Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance, Gastrointestinal tract damage

Section 12: Ecological information**Ecotoxicity****Components:****Ethanol:**

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Ceriodaphnia (water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l
aquatic invertebrates Exposure time: 48 h

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Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : ErC50 (Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae)): 275 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

EC10 (Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae)): 11.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 9.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 9 d

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (Pseudomonas putida): 6,500 mg/l
Exposure time: 16 h

Chlorhexidine:

Toxicity to fish : (Fish): 2.088 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: ECOSAR (Ecological Structure Activity Relationships)

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.222 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: ECOSAR (Ecological Structure Activity Relationships)

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1.124 mg/l
End point: Growth rate
Exposure time: 96 hrs
Method: ECOSAR (Ecological Structure Activity Relationships)

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity) : 1

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity) : 1

Linalyl acetate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): 11 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10 - 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

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Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 30 min
Method: ISO 8192

Persistence and degradability**Components:****Ethanol:**

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 84 %
Exposure time: 20 d

Chlorhexidine:

Biodegradability : Remarks: Not inherently biodegradable.

Linalyl acetate:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 70 - 80 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Bioaccumulative potential**Components:****Ethanol:**

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -0.35

Chlorhexidine:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 4.85

Linalyl acetate:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 3.9
Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

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Section 13: Disposal considerations**Disposal methods**

Waste from residues	:	Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging	:	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

Section 14: Transport information**International Regulations****UNRTDG**

UN number	:	UN 3082
Proper shipping name	:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Chlorhexidine)
Class	:	9
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	9
Environmentally hazardous	:	yes

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No.	:	UN 3082
Proper shipping name	:	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Chlorhexidine)
Class	:	9
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)	:	964
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)	:	964
Environmentally hazardous	:	yes

IMDG-Code

UN number	:	UN 3082
Proper shipping name	:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Chlorhexidine)
Class	:	9
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	9
EmS Code	:	F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant	:	yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations**NZS 5433**

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UN number	:	UN 3082
Proper shipping name	:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Chlorhexidine)
Class	:	9
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	9
Hazchem Code	:	3Z
Marine pollutant	:	no

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

Section 15: Regulatory information**Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture****HSNO Approval Number**

HSR100759 Veterinary Medicines Non dispersive Open System Application Group Standard

HSW Controls

Certified handler certificate not required.

Tracking hazardous substance not required.

Refer to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017, for further information.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

Section 16: Other information

Revision Date : 30.09.2023

Further information

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet : Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, <http://echa.europa.eu/>

Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

NZ OEL : New Zealand. Workplace Exposure Standards for Atmospher-

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ic Contaminants

ACGIH / STEL	:	Short-term exposure limit
NZ OEL / WES-TWA	:	Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted average

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECL - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

NZ / EN